

Disclaimer

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

As required by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we provide reconcilations of the non-GAAP financial measures contained in this presentation to the most directly comparable measure under GAAP, which are set forth in the financial tables included in the attached appendix.

GXO's non-GAAP financial measures in this presentation include: adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("adjusted EBITDA"), adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes and amortization ("adjusted EBITA"), adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted EBITA, pro forma adjusted EBITA, pro forma adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ("adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ("adjusted EBITA"), adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ("adjusted EBITA"), adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ("adjusted EBITA"), adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) ("adjusted EBITA"), adjusted EBITA margin, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation ("ROIC").

We believe that the above adjusted financial measures facilitate analysis of our ongoing business operations because they exclude items that may not be reflective of, or are unrelated to, GXO's core operating performance, and may assist investors with comparisons to prior periods and assessing trends in our underlying businesses. Other companies may calculate these non-GAAP financial measures differently, and therefore our measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. GXO's non-GAAP financial measures should only be used as supplemental measures of our operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA, pro forma adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITA, adjusted net income attributable to GXO and adjusted EPS include adjustments for transaction and integration costs, as well as restructuring costs and other adjustments as set forth in the financial tables included in the attached appendix. Transaction and integration adjustments are generally incremental costs that result from an actual or planned acquisition, divestiture or spin-off and may include transaction costs, consulting fees, retention awards, internal salaries and wages (to the extent the individuals are assigned full-time to integration and transformation activities) and certain costs related to integration adjustments are spenarity incremental costs transaction costs associated with business combinization initiatives.

Pro forma adjusted EBITDA and pro forma adjusted EBITA include adjustments for allocated corporate expenses and public company standalone costs. Allocated corporate expenses are those expenses that were allocated to our combined financial statements on a carve-out basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Public company standalone costs are those expenses are those expenses that were allocated to our combined financial statements on a carve-out basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Public company standalone costs. Allocated corporate expenses are those expenses that were allocated to our combined financial statements on a carve-out basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Public company standalone costs are estimated costs of operating GXO as a public standalone company following its spin-off from XPO Logistics, Inc. effective as of August 2, 2021 and represents the midpoint of our estimated corporate costs.

We believe that free cash flow is an important measure of our ability to repay maturing debt of fund other uses of capital that we believe will enhance stockholder value. We calculate free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities less payment for purchases of property and equipment play proceeds of property and equipment adjusted EBITDA, and justed EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted EBITA and prior forma adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted EBITA and prior forma adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITDA margin, pro forma adjusted EBITA margin prove the comparability of our operating activities and thereby assist investors with assessing trends in our underlying businesses. We believe that adjusted tervine and organic revenue form docors. We believe that revenue form docors with an important perspective on how effectively GXO deploys capital and use this metric internally as a high-level target to assess overall performance throughout the business cycle.

Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making financial, operating and planning decisions and evaluating GXO's ongoing performance.

With respect to our financial targets for (i) 2023 organic revenue growth, adjusted EBITDA, free cash flow, and adjusted diluted EPS and (ii) 2027 adjusted EBITDA reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the corresponding GAAP measures is not available without unreasonable effort due to the variability of the reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the corresponding GAAP measures is not available without unreasonable effort due to the variability of the reconciling items described above that we exclude from these non-GAAP target measures. The variability of these items may have a significant impact on our future GAAP financial results and, as a result, we are unable to prepare the forward-looking statements of income and cash flows, prepared in accordance with GAAP, that would be required to produce such a reconciliation.

Non-GAAP Valuation Measure

Adjusted EBITDAR is a valuation measure that is not specified in GAAP. Adjusted EBITDAR excludes rent expense from adjusted EBITDA and is useful to management and investors in evaluating GXO's relative performance because adjusted EBITDAR considers the performance of GXO's operations, excluding decisions made with respect to capital investment, financing and other non-recurring charges. Adjusted EBITDAR is also a measure commonly used by management, research analysts and investors to value companies in the logistics industry. Since adjusted EBITDAR excludes interest expense and rent expense, it allows research analysts and investors to value of different companies without regard to differences in capital structures and measure.

With respect to our target for full-year 2023 adjusted EBITDAR, a reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to the corresponding GAAP measure is not available without unreasonable effort due to the variability and complexity of the reconciling items described above that we exclude from this non-GAAP measure. The variability of these items may have a significant impact on our future GAAP financial results and, as a result, we are unable to prepare the forward-looking statement of income, prepared in accordance with GAAP, that would be required to produce such a reconciliation.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements of historical fact are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements, including our 2023 financial targets for organic revenue growth, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted dincremental revenue impact of new customer contracts in 2023 and 2024; our 2023 valuation targets for revenue and adjusted EBITDA; ond adjusted EBITDA; ond adjusted EBITDA; ond adjusted EBITDA; and adjusted EBITDA; and adjusted EBITDA; and adjusted EBITDA; adjusted dincremental revenue impact of new customer contracts in 2023 and 2024; our 2025 (iii) 80% (boloal landfill dinversion rate by 2025 (iii) 80% (boloal and periations by 2030), (b) reducing greenhouse gas emissions (Scopes 182) by 2040. In some cases 182) by 2040, in some

These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to a material difference include, but are not limited to, the risks discussed in our filings with the SEC and the following: impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; economic conditions generally, supply chain challenges, including labor shortages, our ability to analy our ability to analy causes and up file anticipated any rengies, cost savings and profit timprovement topportunities with the spect to acquired companies; unsuccessfully integrate and realize anticipated synergies, cost savings and profit timprovement topportunities with the spect to acquired companies; unsuccessfully integrate and realize anticipated synergies; cost savings and profit timprovement topportunities with the spect to acquired companies; unsuccessfully integrate and realize anticipated synergies; cour ability to develop ments that adversely evelopments that adversely evelopments that adversely evelopments that adversely and indecomportanties with the spect to acquired companies; unsuccessfully integrate and realize anticipated synergies; cour ability to attract or retain necessary talent; the increased cost associated with labor disputes at our customers' facilities and efforts by to attract or retain necessary talent; fluctuations in triven or postical activations, including the United Kingdom; nave and the level operation is with labor disputes at our customers' facilities and assets, level or retain related policies and tax regimes; governmental or political actions, including the United Kingdom; fluctuations in Kingd and floating interest rates; seasonal fluctuations in triedents, including the conflict between Russi and Ukrain; and adversely asset and ukrain; seat f

All forward-looking statements set forth in this presentation are qualified by these cautionary statements and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to or effects on us or our business or operations. Forward-looking statements set forth in this presentation speak only as of the date hereof, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, changes in expectations or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except to the extent required by law.



Presenters



Malcolm Wilson Chief Executive Officer



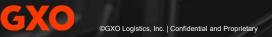
Baris Oran Chief Financial Officer



Mark Manduca Chief Investment Officer



Bill Fraine Chief Commercial Officer



Highlights

	4Q 2022	FY 2022
Revenue	\$2.5 billion	\$9.0 billion
Organic revenue growth ⁽¹⁾	7.5%	15.4%
Net income ⁽²⁾	\$46 million	\$197 million
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$205 million	\$728 million
Operating cash flow	\$226 million	\$542 million
Free cash flow ⁽¹⁾	\$141 million	\$240 million

(1) Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' and 'Non-GAAP Valuation Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information (2) Net income attributable to GXO

(3) Based off closing December 31 2022 FX rates of 1.21 GBPUSD and 1.07 EURUSD

(4) Based on 2021 FX rates

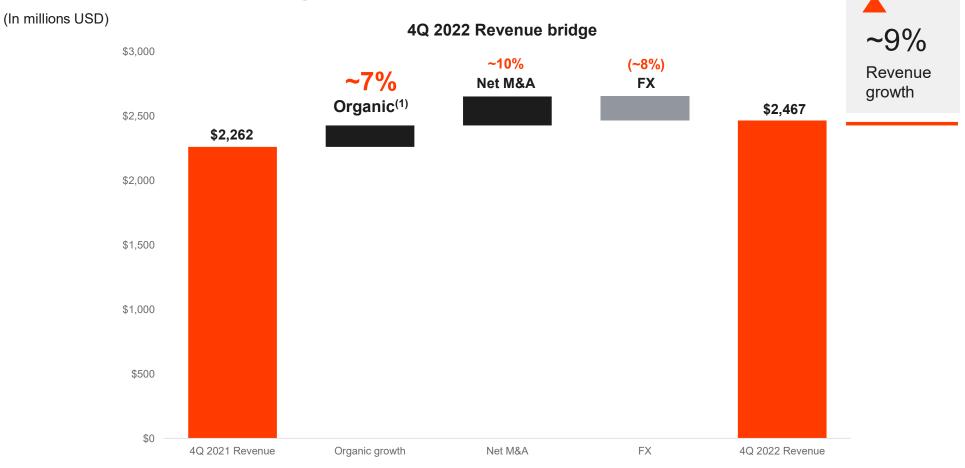
(j) Adjusted EBITDAR is a valuation measure that is not specified in GAAP. Adjusted EBITDAR is commonly used by management, research analysts and Investors to value companies in the logistics industry. Adjusted EBITDAR should not be construed as a financial performance or operating measure

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- New business wins in 4Q expected to generate \$182 million of annualized revenue⁽³⁾.
- \$661 million of new FY 2023 revenue won through 4Q 2022, equivalent to 7% YoY revenue growth⁽³⁾.
- 4Q 2022 Adjusted EBITDA of \$205 million compared to \$167 million in 4Q 2021. Adjusted EBITDA of \$728 million in FY 2022 compared to pro forma Adjusted EBITDA of \$633 million in FY 2021⁽¹⁾.
- 2022 Adjusted EBITDAR of \$1,646 million⁽⁵⁾.
- Diluted EPS \$0.39 in 4Q 2022. Adjusted Diluted EPS of \$0.83 in 4Q 2022, compared to \$0.73 in 4Q 2021⁽¹⁾. FY 2022 Adjusted Diluted EPS \$2.85 compared to \$2.09 in FY 20221⁽¹⁾.
- Free cash flow \$141 million in 4Q 2022 compared to \$137 million in 4Q 2021 and \$240 million in FY 2022 compared to \$216 million in FY 2021⁽¹⁾.
- Operating return on invested capital well above target 30%⁽¹⁾.
- Announced 2027 financial targets of ~\$17 billion of revenue and ~\$1.6 billion of Adjusted EBITDA at investor day in January 2023⁽⁴⁾.

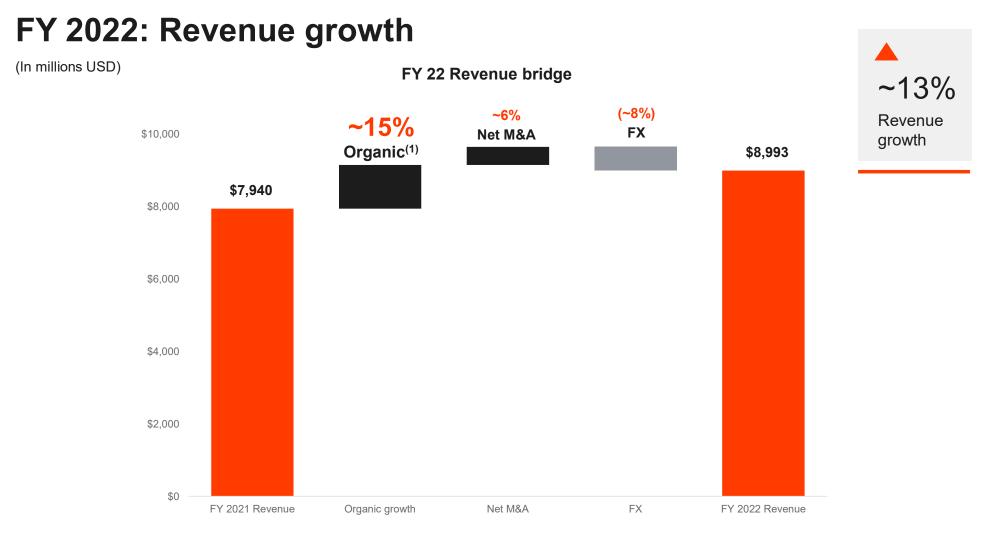
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4Q 2022: Revenue growth





(1) Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information



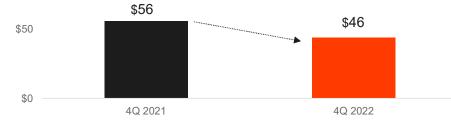


(1) Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information.

4Q 2022: Solid profitability

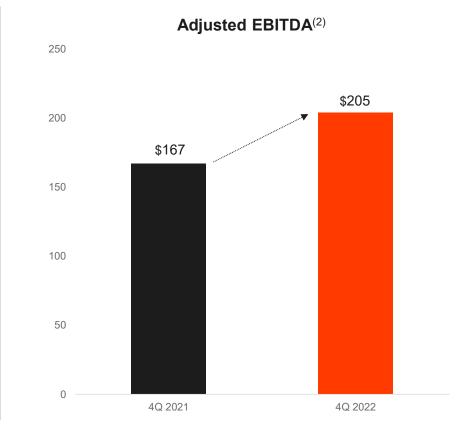
(In millions USD)







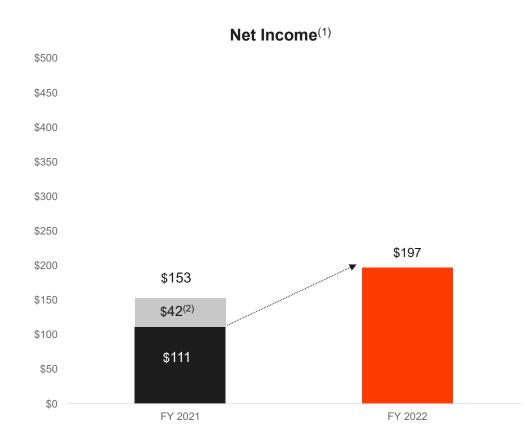
(1) Net Income attributable to GXO
 (2) Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information.



FY 2022: Solid profitability

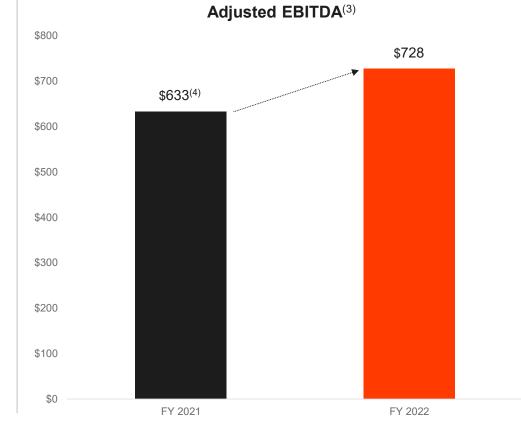
(In millions USD)

GXO



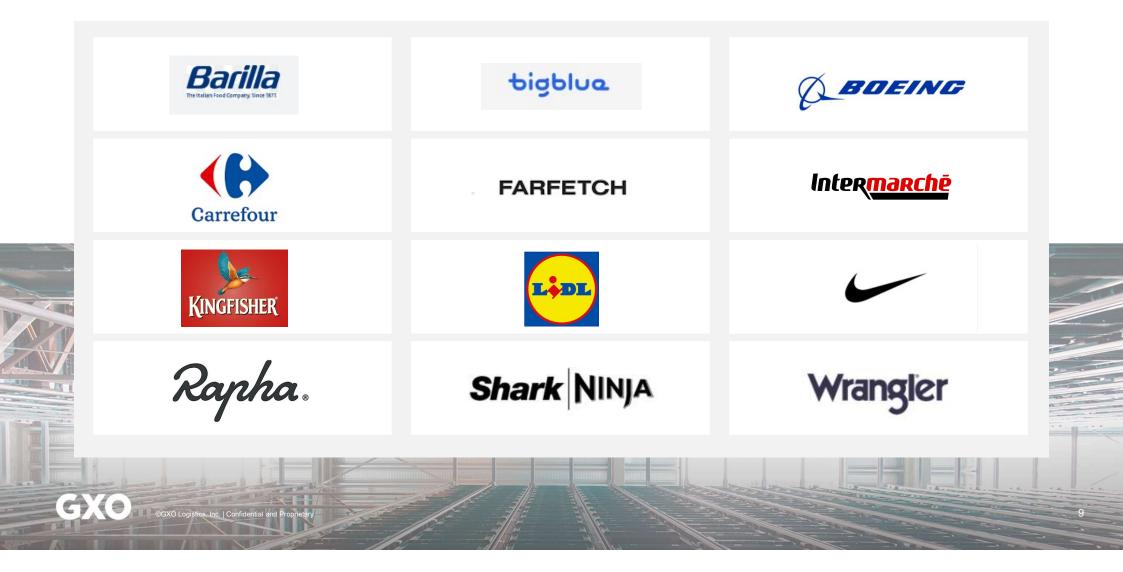
Net Income attributable to GXO
 FY 2021 net income attributable to GXO includes a positive \$42 million one-time tax benefit
 Refer to the 'Non-GAPF Financial Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information.
 Pro forma for FY 2021

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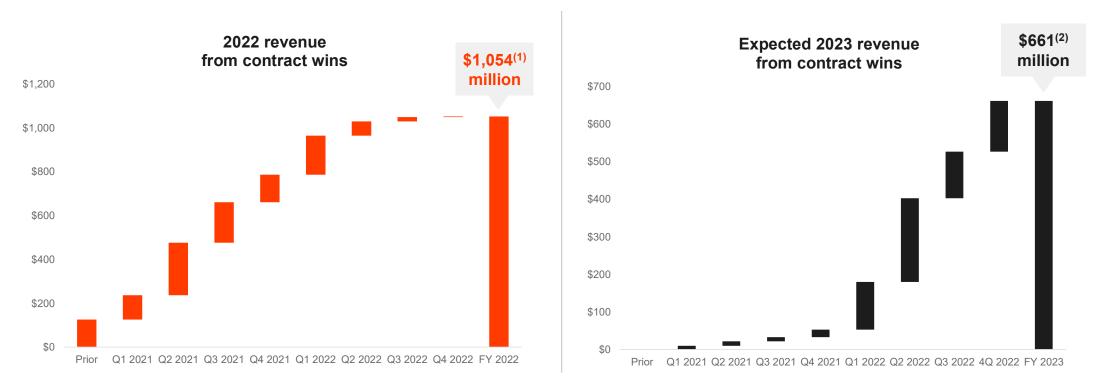
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Recent wins and expansions



New contract wins underpin 2022 and 2023 revenue growth

(In millions USD)



\$177 million of revenue from contract wins secured for 2024⁽²⁾



(1) Based off 2022 average FX rates of 1.23 GBPUSD and 1.05 EURUSD (2) Based off closing December 31 2022 FX rates of 1.21 GBPUSD and 1.07 EURUSD ©GXO Logistics, Inc. | Confidential and Proprietary

2022 contract wins by source

2022 new business wins⁽¹⁾

26%

outsourcing

New

Won from competitors

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(1) Excludes the Clipper acquisition ©GXO Logistics, Inc. | Confidential and Proprietary









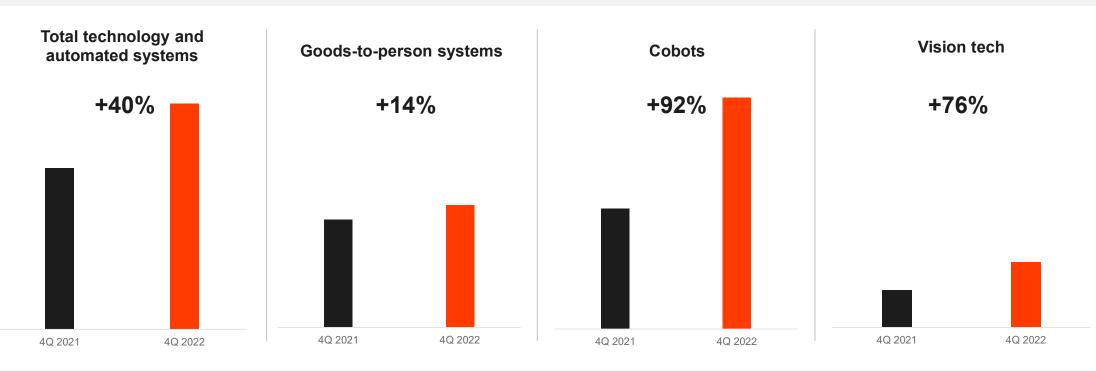
Resilient business model with flexible cost structure

High revenue visibility	Inflation pass-through	Stable earnings structure	Countercyclical FCF
 ~\$2.1 billion sales pipeline⁽¹⁾ \$661 million of incremental revenue in 2023 from new contract wins⁽²⁾ ~5-year average contract duration for contracts 	 ~45% of revenue from 'open book' (cost-plus) contracts⁽³⁾ Remainder of closed book/hybrid contracts typically include inflation escalators and protections 	 High exposure to predictable contract structures Minimum volume guarantees ~76% variable costs vs. ~24% fixed costs⁽⁴⁾ 	 Approximately two-thirds of capex relates to growth projects Working capital investment linked to growth
closed in 2022Mid-to-high 90s revenue retention rate since spin		 ~27% of total labor costs relates to third party staffing⁽³⁾ 	



Based off closing December 31 2022 FX rates of 1.21 GBPUSD and 1.07 EURUSD
 Based off closing December 31 2022 FX rates of 1.21 GBPUSD and 1.07 EURUSD, excludes Clipper
 Based on 4Q 2022,
 Based on direct operating expenses, sales, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation expense and based on FY 2022

Accelerating automation and adaptive technology leadership



~30% of 4Q 2022 revenue is from automated sites

Accelerating technology deployment is driving revenue growth



FY Balance sheet and free cash flow

Balance sheet

Total debt⁽¹⁾

\$1,806 million

Net debt⁽²⁾ \$1,311 million Paid down \$50 million of debt ahead of schedule

Mostly fixed-rate borrowings

Investment grade rated

Cash flow

Cash flow from operations \$542 million

FY 2021: \$455 million

Free cash flow⁽²⁾

\$240 million

FY 2021: \$216 million

~50% of capex spend in last 12 months is technology

Net leverage⁽²⁾

1.8x



Includes finance leases and other debt of \$164 million at December 31, 2022.
 Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' section on slide 2 and Appendix for related information

FY 2023 guidance⁽¹⁾

Organic revenue growth ⁽²⁾	6% – 8%
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$700 – \$730 million
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾ to free cash flow conversion	~30%
Adjusted diluted EPS ⁽²⁾	\$2.30 - \$2.50
Adjusted EBITDAR ⁽³⁾	\$1.675 – \$1.725 billion

 Our guidance reflects current foreign currency exchange rates
 Refer to the 'Non-GAAP Financial Measures' and 'Non-GAAP Valuation Measures' section on slide
 Adjusted EBITDAR is a valuation measure that is not specified in GAAP. Adjusted EBITDAR is commonly used by management, research analysts and Investors to value companies in the logistics industry. Adjusted EBITDAR should not be construed as a financial performance or operating measure





	Environmental	30% GHG emissions (Scopes 1&2) reduction by 2030 vs. 2019 baseline	B0% Global landfill diversion rate by 2025	tion neutral (Scopes 1&2) by 2040	B0% Global operations using LED lighting by 2025	60% Renewable energy globally by 20302021:
		GHG reduced 3% in absolute terms	79% of waste diverted from landfill	GHG intensity (gCO2e/\$m) reduced 24%	LED penetration at 47%	22% increase in proportion of renewable energy usage in 2021
	Social	•	nover and increasing	productivity.	DIVERSI 20 23 COMPANIES FO	P50 DR DIVERSITY
	Governance	 Cybersecurity col 		erprise Risk Manageme processes align to ISO2 75% independent		
RECOMMENDATION, OR PROMOTION OF GXO	HLLC OR ITS AFFLIATES ('MSCY) DATA, AND THE USE OF MSCI LOGOS. MES HEREIN, DO NOT CONSTITUTE A SPONSORSHIP, ENDORSEMENT, EV MSCI. MSCI SERVICES AND DATA REF THE PROPERTY OF MSCI OR ITS ED AS-IS AND WITHOUT WARRANTY. MSCI NAMES AND LOGOS ARE	<pre> ★ america's mo ★ RESPONSIB ★ Companies </pre>	ST 2022 LE Newsweek statista ☑	MSCI ESG RATII CCC B BB	NGS AA AAA	17





GXO Logistics, Inc. Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,			Yea	r Er	nded December	ded December 31,		
(In millions)		2022	2021		2022		20	21	
								(Pro forma) ⁽¹⁾
Net income attributable to GXO	\$	46	\$ 56	\$	197	\$	153	\$	162
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		—	1		3		8		8
Net income	\$	46	\$ 57	\$	200	\$	161	\$	170
Interest expense, net	_	10	5		29		21		25
Income tax expense (benefit)		13	13		64		(8)		(5)
Depreciation and amortization expense		87	76		329		335		335
Transaction and integration costs		4	17		61		99		99
Restructuring costs and other		18	(1)		32		4		4
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign currency options and other		27	_		13		(1)		(1)
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$	205	\$ 167	\$	728	\$	611	\$	627
Allocated corporate expense ⁽³⁾			 	_					29
Public company standalone cost ⁽⁴⁾									(23)
Pro forma adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾								\$	633
Revenue	\$	2,467	\$ 2,262	\$	8,993	\$	7,940	\$	7,940
Adjusted EBITDA margin ⁽⁵⁾		8.3%	7.4%		8.1%		7.7%		8.0%

(1) Pro forma as prepared under combined financial statements for all periods before August 2, 2021, includes allocated expenses from XPO, Inc. ("XPO") Corporate.

(2) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

(3) Excludes the impact of adjusted items and allocated interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization from XPO Corporate.

(4) Estimated costs of operating GXO as a standalone public company.

(5) Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated as adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue.



GXO Logistics, Inc. Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITA and Adjusted EBITA Margin (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,			Year Ended December 31,						
(In millions)		2022		2021		2022		20	21	
									(F	Pro forma) ⁽¹⁾
Net income attributable to GXO	\$	46	\$	56	\$	197	\$	153	\$	162
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		—		1		3		8		8
Net income	\$	46	\$	57	\$	200	\$	161	\$	170
Interest expense, net		10		5		29		21		25
Income tax expense (benefit)		13		13		64		(8)		(5)
Amortization expense		20		17		68		61		61
Transaction and integration costs		4		17		61		99		99
Restructuring costs and other		18		(1)		32		4		4
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign currency options and other		27		_		13		(1)		(1)
Adjusted EBITA ⁽²⁾	\$	138	\$	108	\$	467	\$	337	\$	353
Depreciation expense ⁽³⁾										15
Allocated corporate expense ⁽⁴⁾										29
Public company standalone cost ⁽⁵⁾										(23)
Pro forma adjusted EBITA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾									\$	374
Revenue	\$	2,467	\$	2,262	\$	8,993	\$	7,940	\$	7,940
Adjusted EBITA margin ⁽⁶⁾		5.6%		4.8%		5.2%		4.2%		4.7%

(1) Pro forma as prepared under combined financial statements for all periods before August 2, 2021, includes allocated expenses from XPO Corporate.

(2) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

(3) Allocated depreciation from XPO Corporate for all periods prior to August 2, 2021.

(4) Excludes the impact of adjusted items and allocated interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization from XPO Corporate.

(5) Estimated costs of operating GXO as a standalone public company.

(6) Adjusted EBITA margin is calculated as adjusted EBITA divided by revenue.

GXO Logistics, Inc. Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income Per Share (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,					Year Ended December 31,			
(Dollars in millions, shares in thousands, except per share amounts)		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Net income attributable to GXO	\$	46	\$	56	\$	197	\$	153	
Amortization expense		20		17		68		61	
Transaction and integration costs		4		17		61		99	
Restructuring costs and other		18		(1)		32		4	
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign currency options and other		27		_		13		(1)	
Income tax associated with the adjustments above ⁽¹⁾		(16)		(5)		(36)		(32)	
Discrete and other tax-related adjustments ⁽²⁾		_		_		_		(42)	
Adjusted net income attributable to GXO ⁽³⁾	\$	99	\$	84	\$	335	\$	242	
Adjusted basic earnings per share ⁽³⁾	\$	0.83	\$	0.73	\$	2.86	\$	2.11	
Adjusted diluted earnings per share ⁽³⁾	\$	0.83	\$	0.73	\$	2.85	\$	2.09	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:									
Basic		118,658		114,647		117,050		114,632	
Diluted		119,126		115,695		117,616		115,597	
Aggregated tax of all non-tax related adjustments reflected above:									
Amortization expense	\$	(5)	\$	(2)	\$	(16)	\$	(11)	
Transaction and integration costs		_		(3)		(9)		(20)	
Restructuring costs and other		(5)		_		(8)		(1)	
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign currency options and other		(6)		_		(3)		_	
Total income tax associated with the adjustments above	\$	(16)	\$	(5)	\$	(36)	\$	(32)	

(1) The income tax rate applied to items is based on the GAAP annual effective tax rate, excluding discrete items and contributions- and marginbased taxes. A portion of the transaction costs is not deductible.

(2) Initial recognition of a deferred tax asset in connection with the spin-off.

GXO

(3) See the "Non GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

GXO Logistics, Inc. Other Reconciliations (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow:

	Three Months Ended December 31,					Year Ended December 31				
(In millions)		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	226	\$	204	\$	542	\$	455		
Payment for purchases of property and equipment		(103)		(70)		(342)		(250)		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		18		3		40		11		
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$	141	\$	137	\$	240	\$	216		

(1) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

(2) Free cash flow conversion is calculated as free cash flow divided by adjusted EBITDA, expressed as a percentage.

Reconciliation of Revenue to Organic Revenue:

	Three Months Ended December 31,					Year Ended I	December 31,		
(In millions)		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Revenue	\$	2,467	\$	2,262	\$	8,993	\$	7,940	
Revenue from acquired business		(250)		—		(569)		_	
Revenue from deconsolidation				(24)		(20)		(92)	
Foreign exchange rates		188		—		653		—	
Organic revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$	2,405	\$	2,238	\$	9,057	\$	7,848	
Revenue growth ⁽²⁾		9.1%				13.3%			
Organic revenue growth ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		7.5%				15.4%			

(1) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

(2) Revenue growth is calculated as the change in year-over year revenue growth, expressed as a percentage of 2021 revenue.

(3) Organic revenue growth is calculated as the change in year-over-year organic revenue, expressed as a percentage of 2021 organic revenue.

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GXO Logistics, Inc. Liquidity Reconciliations (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of Total Debt and Net Debt:

(In millions)	December 31,	2022
Short-term debt	\$	67
Long-term debt		1,739
Total Debt	\$	1,806
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		(495)
Net debt ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,311

(1) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

Reconciliation of Total debt to Net Income attributable to GXO Ratio:

(In millions)	Decem	ber 31, 2022
Total debt	\$	1,806
Net income attributable to GXO	\$	197
Debt to net income attributable to GXO ratio		9.2x

Reconciliation of Net Leverage Ratio:

(In millions)	Decemb	er 31, 2022
Net debt	\$	1,311
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$	728
Net leverage ratio ⁽¹⁾		1.8x

(1) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

GXO Logistics, Inc. Operating Return on Invested Capital (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2022	
Adjusted EBITA ⁽¹⁾	\$ 467	
Cash paid for income taxes	(111)	
Adjusted EBITA ⁽¹⁾ , net of income taxes paid	\$ 356	

(1) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

	Year Ended December 31,				
(In millions)		2022		2021	Average
Total Assets	\$	9,219	\$	7,271	\$ 8,245
Less: Cash and equivalents		(495)		(333)	(414)
Less: Total long-term assets		(6,791)		(5,172)	(5,982)
Plus: Property and equipment, net		960		863	912
Less: Total current liabilities		(2,532)		(2,329)	(2,431)
Plus: Short-term borrowings and obligations under finance leases		67		34	51
Plus: Current operating lease liabilities		560		453	507
Invested Capital	\$	988	\$	787	\$ 888

Ratio of Return on Invested Capital⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

40.1%

(1) The ratio of return on invested capital is calculated as the trailing twelve months adjusted EBITA, net of income taxes paid, divided by invested capital.

(2) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.



GXO Logistics, Inc. Operating Return on Invested Capital (Unaudited)

(In millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2021	
Adjusted EBITA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 374	
Cash paid for income taxes	(75)	
Adjusted EBITA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ , net of income taxes paid	\$ 299	

(1) Pro forma as prepared under combined financial statements for all periods before August 2, 2021, includes allocated expenses from XPO Corporate.

(2) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.

	Year Ended December 31,				
(In millions)		2021		2020	Average
Total Assets	\$	7,271	\$	6,548	\$ 6,910
Less: Cash and equivalents		(333)		(328)	(331)
Less: Total long-term assets		(5,172)		(4,712)	(4,942)
Plus: Property and equipment, net		863		770	817
Less: Total current liabilities		(2,329)		(1,738)	(2,034)
Plus: Short-term borrowings and obligations under finance leases		34		58	46
Plus: Current operating lease liabilities		453		332	393
Invested Capital	\$	787	\$	930	\$ 859

Ratio of Return on Invested Capital⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

34.8%

- (1) The ratio of return on invested capital is calculated as the trailing twelve months adjusted EBITA, net of income taxes paid, divided by invested capital.
- (2) See the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section for additional information.



